

How to Get a PhD in Informatics

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Starting on a Research Project



A Daunting Prospect?

Significant and Original Research. Creativity is learnable. Researchers Bible. Anyone can do it: - sufficiently bright; - work hard; take this advice.

Choosing a Project

• Criteria project must meet:

- inspiring;
- significant and original;
- do-able;
- supervisable.
- Sources of ideas:
 - supervisor & other colleagues;
 - read literature of chosen area;
 - further work suggestions of others;
 - previously, badly done work.

Types of Research

- Development of new techniques.
- Exploration of existing techniques:
 - theoretical analysis;
 - 'rational' reconstruction;
 - experimental exploration and hypothesis testing;
 - comparison of several techniques;
 - comparison to natural systems.
- Extension and improvement of existing techniques.

 Application of known techniques to new domains.

Hypothesis and Evidence

- What hypotheses will you investigate?
- Along what dimensions will you explore properties or relations of techniques or systems?
- What kind of evidence will you present to support your hypotheses?

When Things Go Wrong

I'm starting to get the impression that you're not happy here, Jones.



"I'm starting to get the impression you're not happy here, Jones."

Postgraduate Diseases

Manna from Heaven. Ivory Tower. Solving the World. Ambitious Paralysis. Computer Bum. Stamp Collecting. Misunderstood Genius.

Psychological Hurdles

- Loneliness of the long distance researcher.
- Self doubt.
- Early morning --- Cold start.
- Theorem envy.
- Fear of exposure.
- Dealing with criticism.

Good Working Habits: Keeping Regular

Regular hours:

- get a routine.
- Regular reading:
 - outer, middle and inner circles.
- Regular writing:
 - notes, technical reports and journal articles.
- Regular talking:
 - informal chats, seminars and conference talks.
- Regular check-ups:
 - where am I going?
 - what will it be like when I get there?
 - what step should I take next?

Sorting Out Your Ideas



Structure of Thesis

- Introduction: motivation, extended contents.
- Literature Survey: broad and shallow.
- Background: technical introduction.
- Specification: what you required.
- Implementation: what you did.
- Results: how well it worked.
- Related Work: deep and narrow.
- Further Work: what is left to do.
- Conclusion: significance of achievement.
- Appendices: glossary, full results, example traces, selected code, etc.

Thesis Message

 Abstract of thesis. Each sentence corresponds roughly to thesis chapter. • Whole reads as central argument of thesis. Helps ensure thesis hangs together and nothing is missing.

The Computational Modelling of Religious Concepts by Fr. Aloysius Hacker

- We apply ideas from Computer Science to the understanding of religious concepts.
- Problems with previous attempts to explain religious concepts,
 - e.g. the holy trinity and miracles.
- These problems arose because the appropriate terminology was not available.
 - Computational terminology often provides an appropriate analogy.
- Although some problems still remain,
 - e.g. free will,

 We are seeing the beginning of a new, computationa theology.

Relations with your Supervisor

Meet regularly.

- Provide written and oral reports,
 - before meeting
 - and summary of main actions afterwards.
- Talk over problems.
- You can swap them.



• You too can get a PhD ... _____just by following this simple advice. Keep doing meta-research. Keep regular --- stay healthy. Communicate! **Recommended Reading: Researchers Bible.**

http://homepages.inf.ed.ac.uk/bundy/how-tos/resbible.html